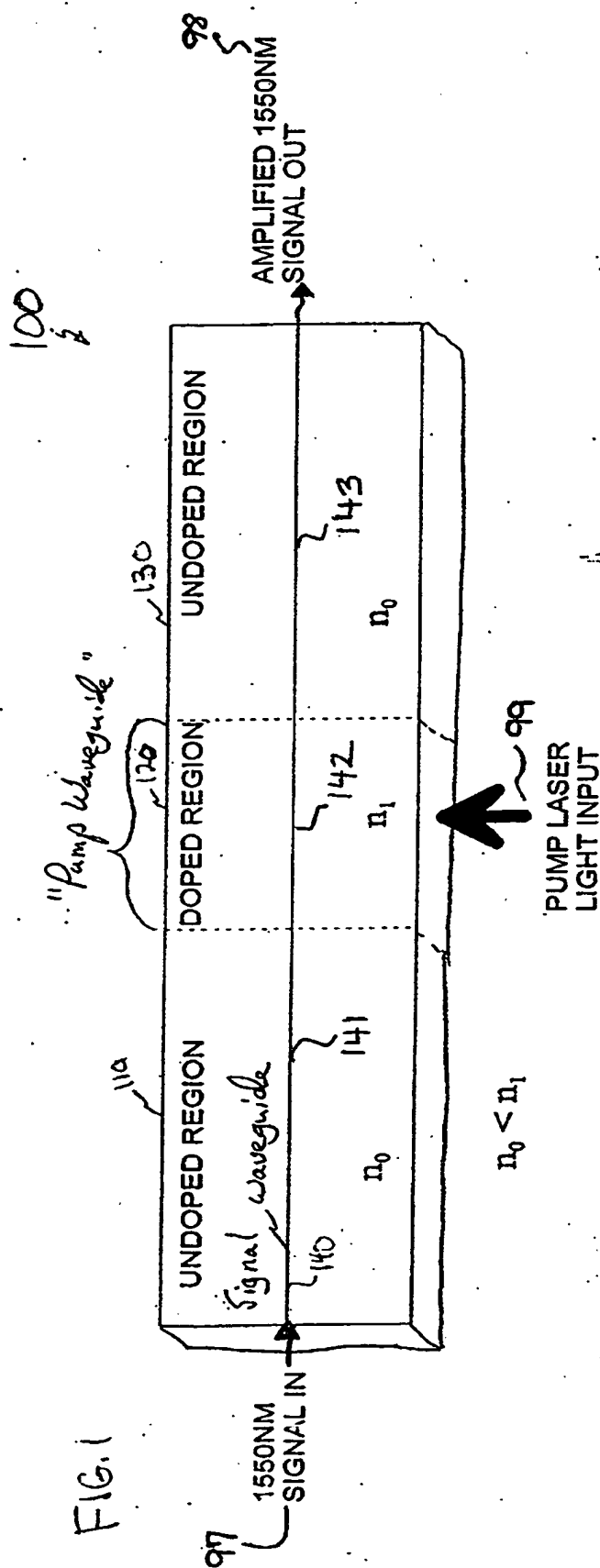
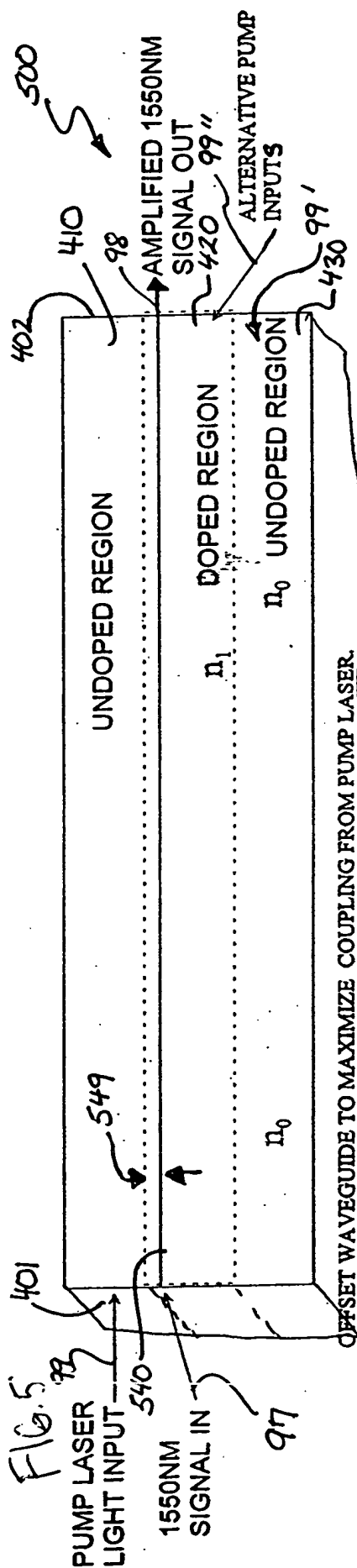
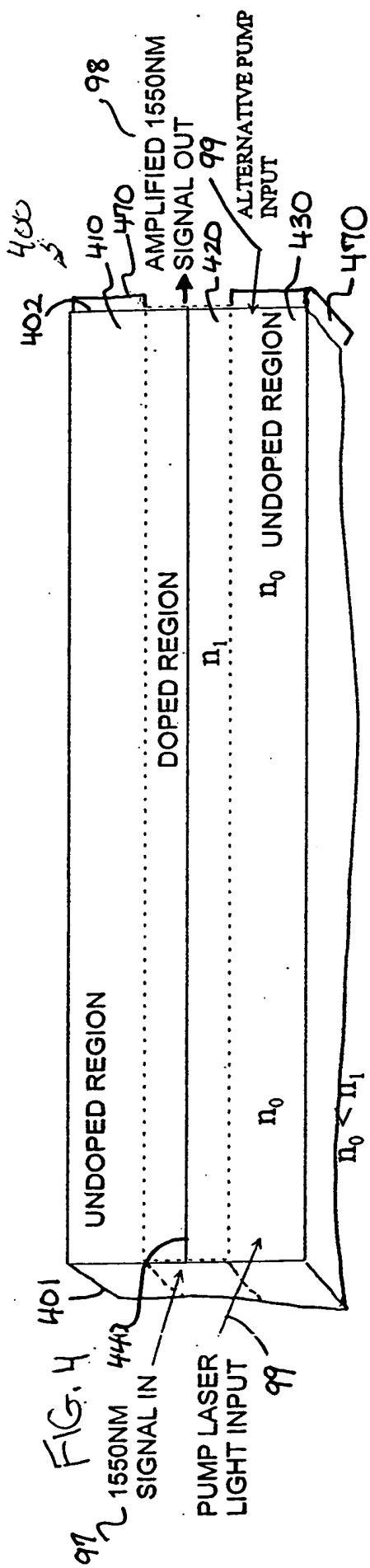


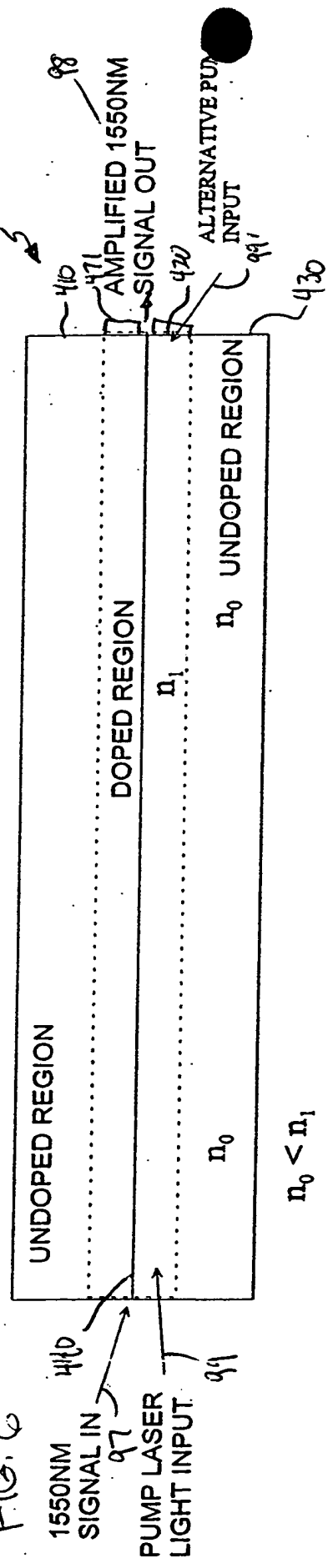
FIG. 1





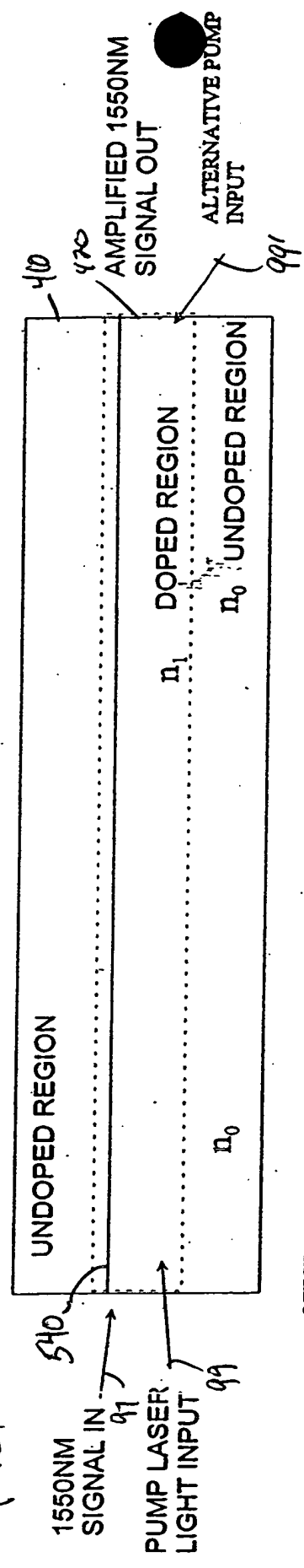
600

FIG. 6



700

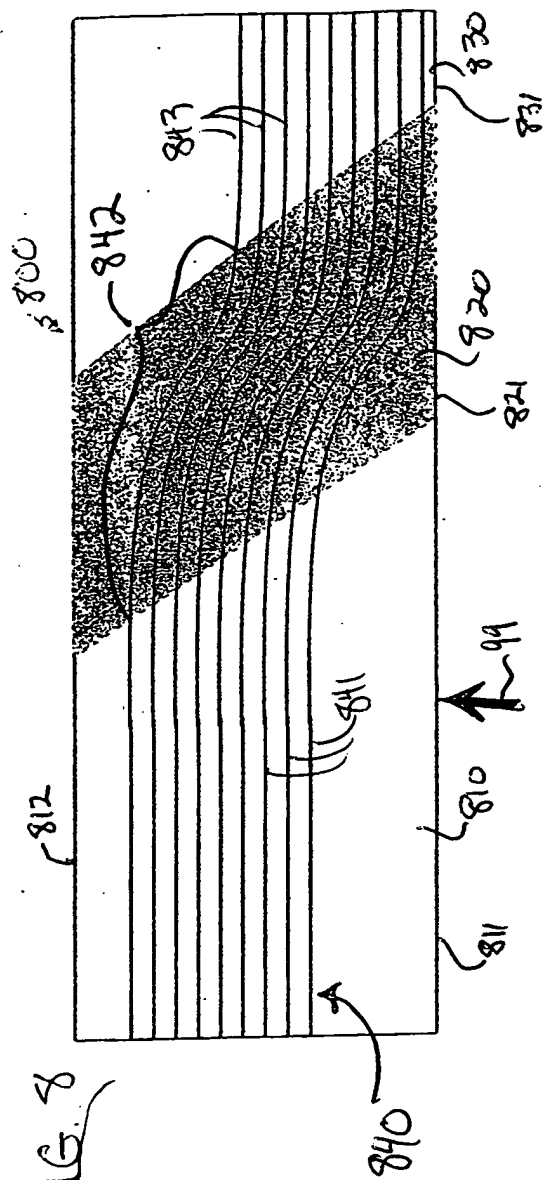
FIG. 7



OFFSET WAVEGUIDE TO MAXIMIZE AREA FOR PUMP LAUNCH.

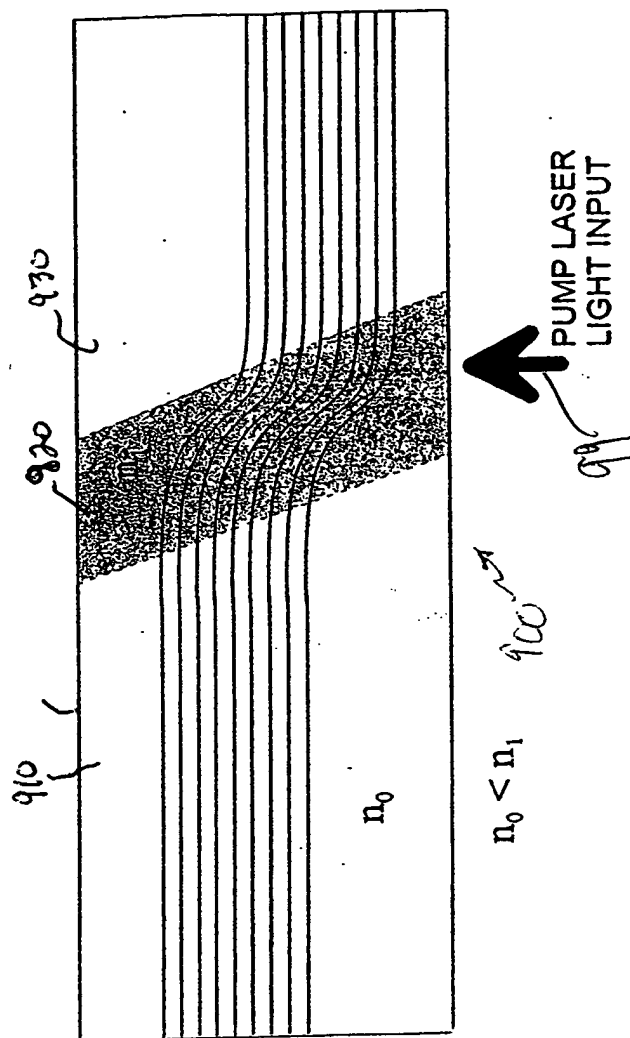
1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the topic. It starts with a general overview of the field, followed by a more detailed discussion of the specific issues raised in the title. The author then presents his own findings, which are based on a series of experiments. Finally, he discusses the implications of his results and offers some suggestions for further research.

Fig. 8



959

PLURALITY OF INPUTS
1550NM



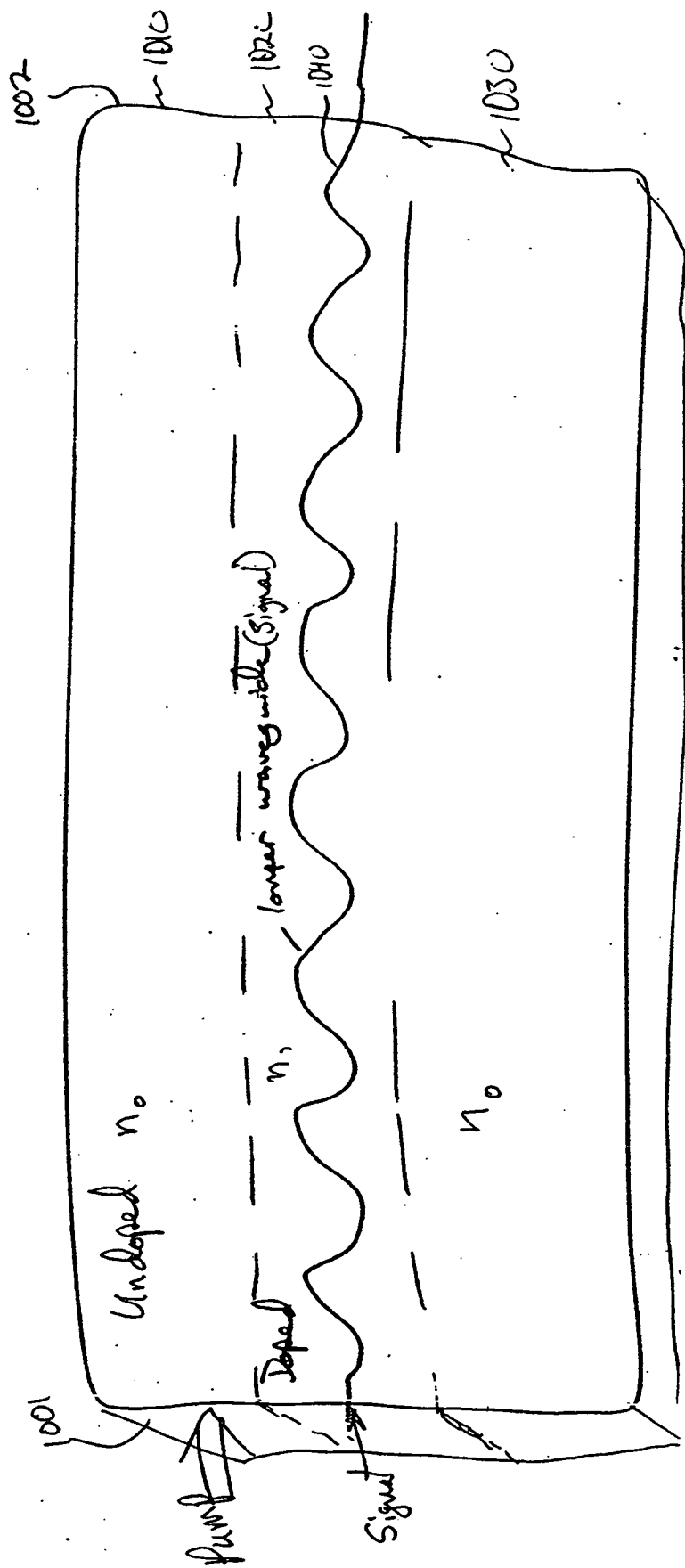
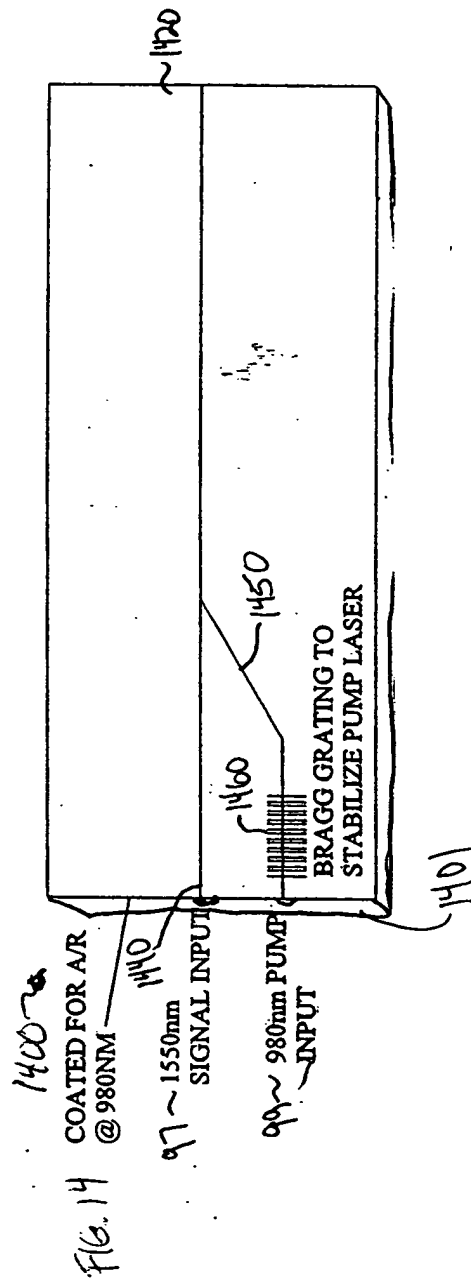
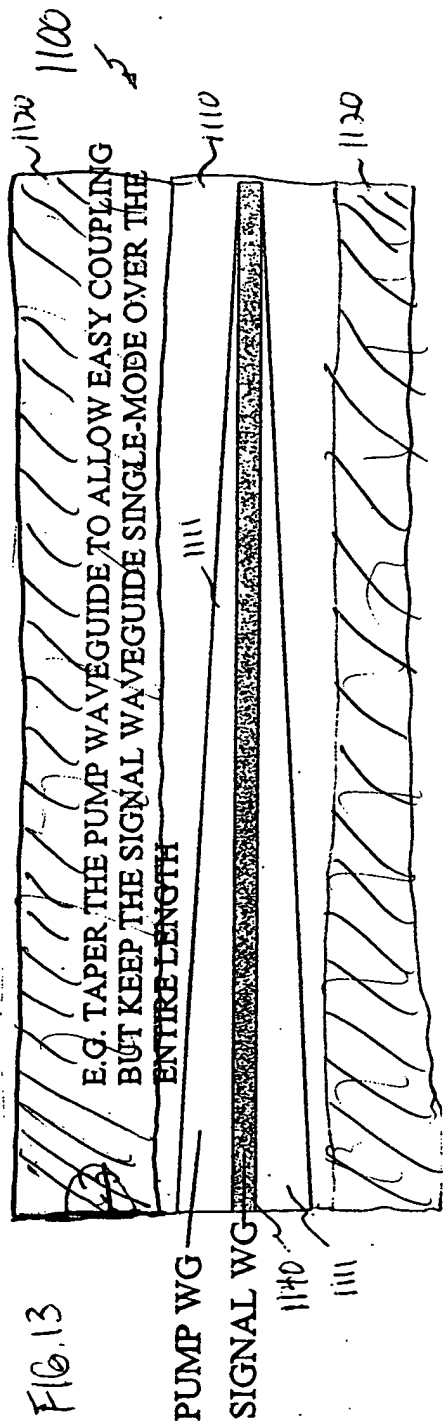
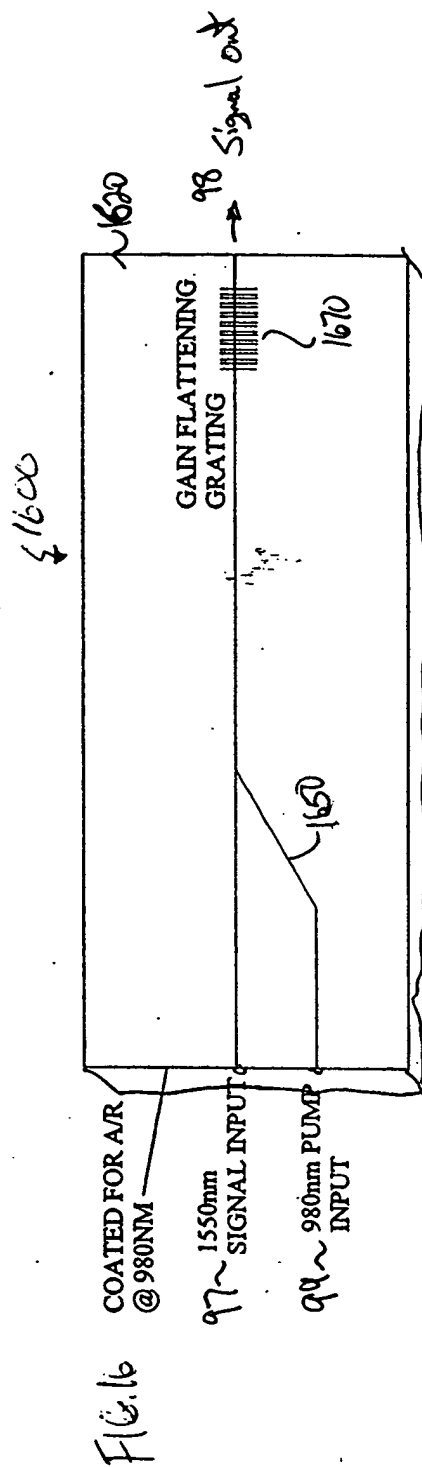
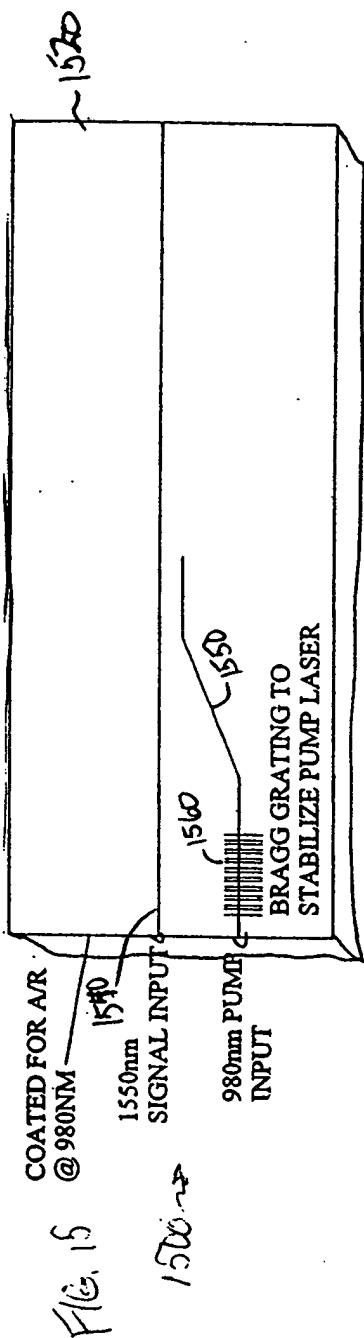


FIG. 10





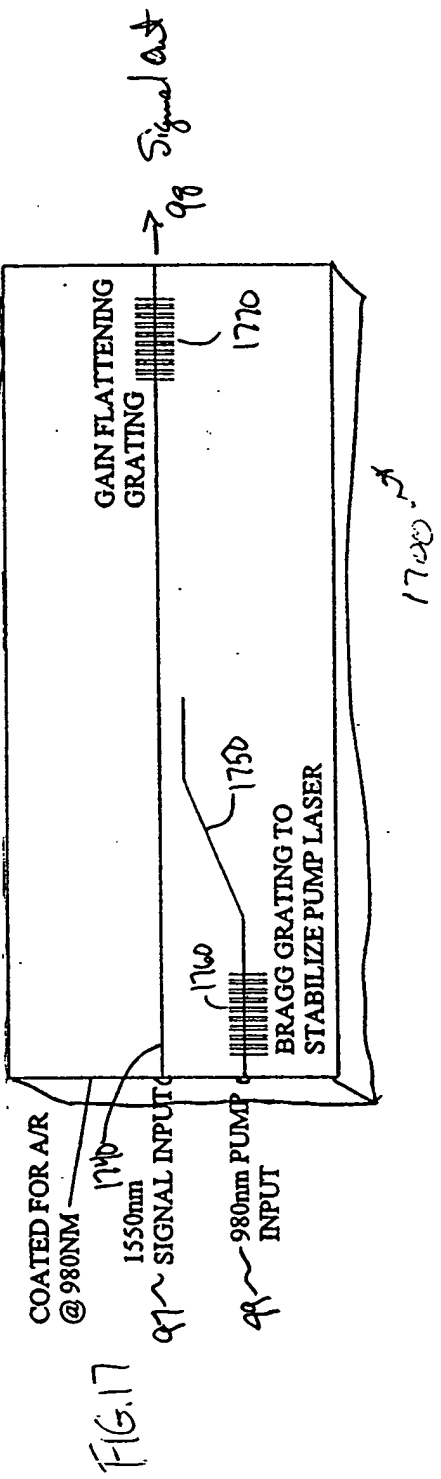
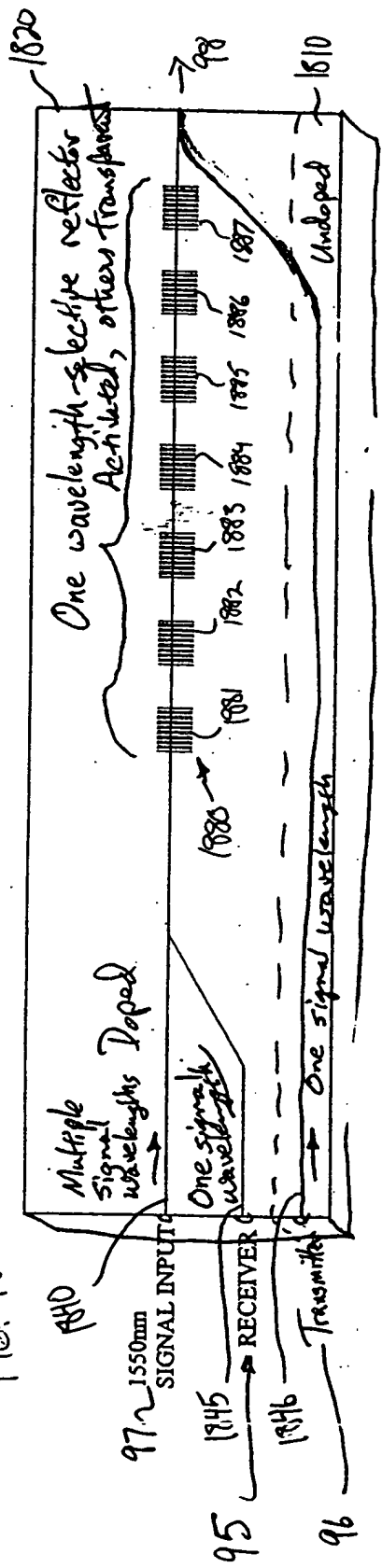
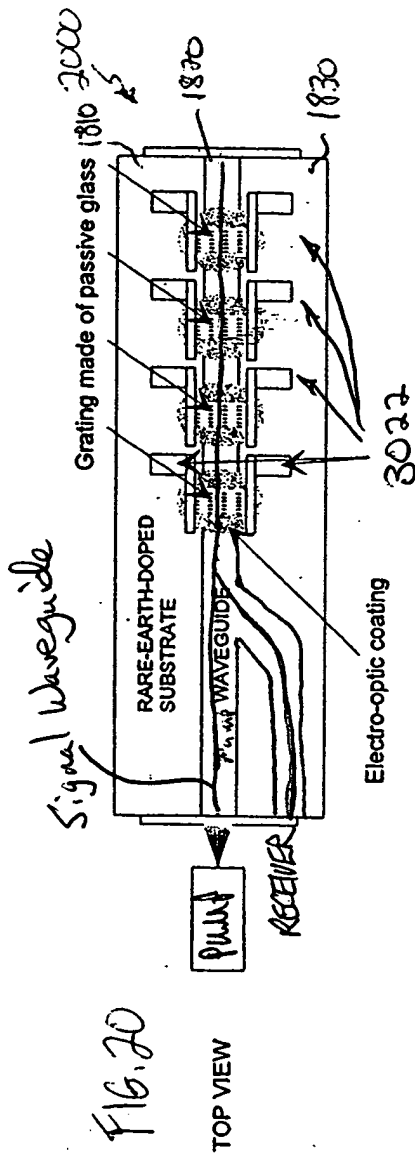
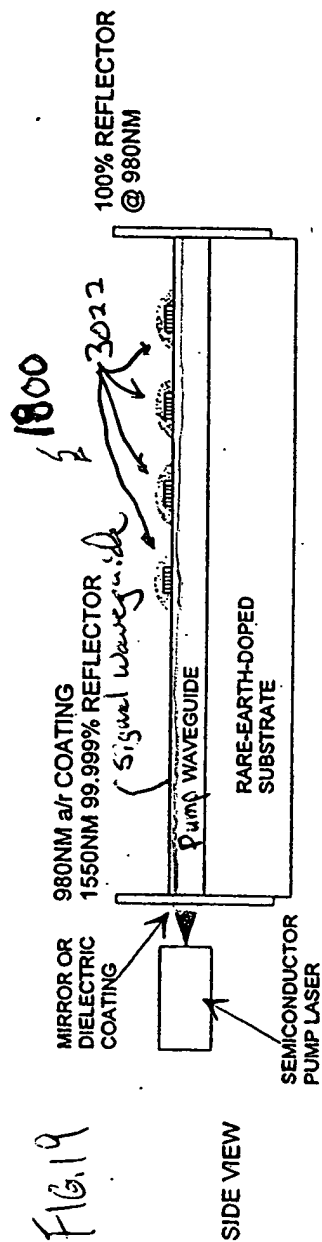


FIG. 18

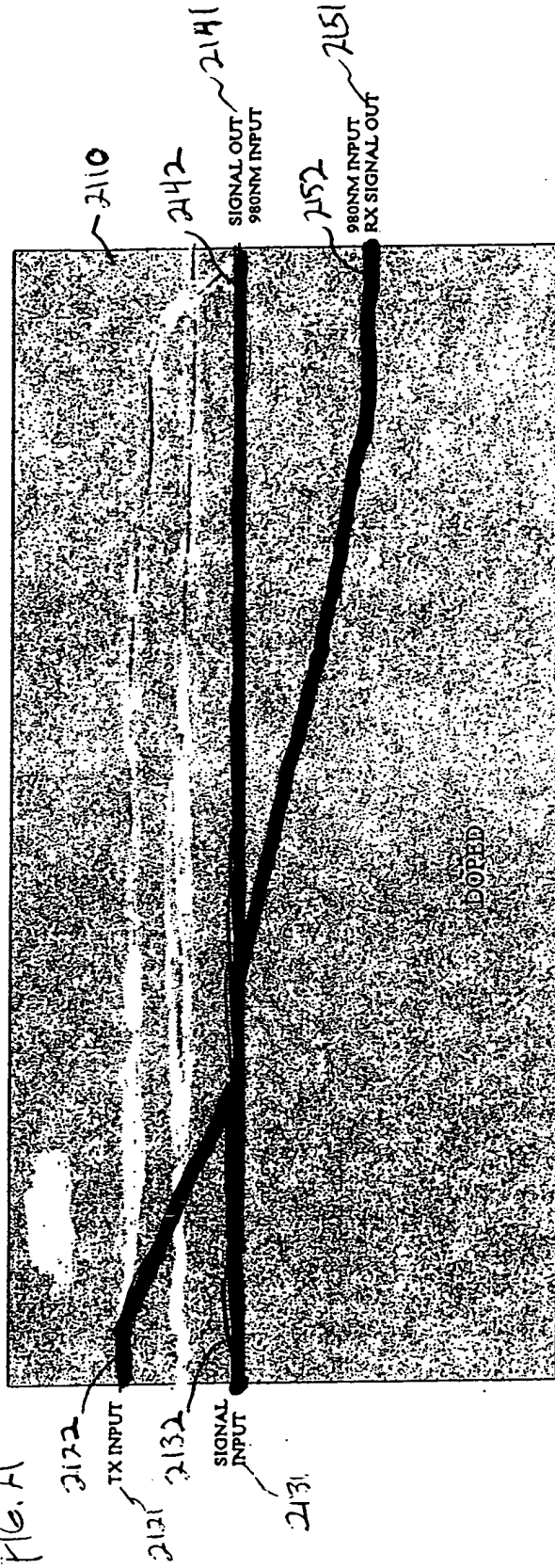




ADD/DROP NODE WITH AMPLIFICATION

21002

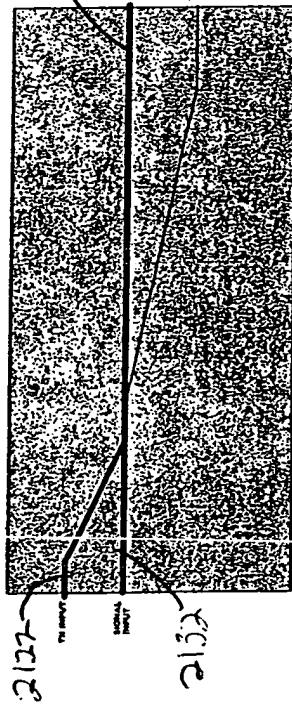
FIG. 71



USES BOTH THE ATTENUATION AND AMPLIFICATION CHARACTERISTICS OF RARE-EARTH-DOPED GLASS TO ROUTE THE SIGNAL.

FIG. 22

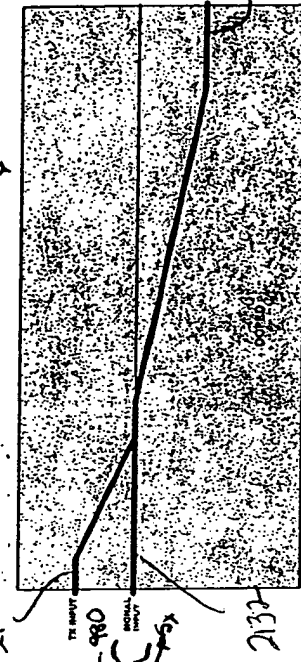
2100



AMPLIFIED BYPASS MODE (OLD SIGNAL PASSED STRAIGHT THROUGH)

FIG. 23

2100



RECEIVE MODE (OLD SIGNAL OUT, NEW SIGNAL IN)

BOTH THE OUTPUT AND RX OUT COULD HAVE WDM'S OR SPLITTERS TO COMBINE THE 980 AND 1550 SIGNALS.

2100

2132

2142

2152

2162

2172

2182

2192

2202

2212

2222

2232

2242

2252

2262

2272

2282

2292

2302

2312

2322

2332

2342

2352

2362

2372

2382

2392

2402

2412

2422

2432

2442

2452

2462

2472

2482

2492

2502

2512

2522

2532

2542

2552

2562

2572

2582

2592

2602

2612

2622

2632

2642

2652

2662

2672

2682

2692

2702

2712

2722

2732

2742

2752

2762

2772

2782

2792

2802

2812

2822

2832

2842

2852

2862

2872

2882

2892

2902

2912

2922

2932

2942

2952

2962

2972

2982

2992

3002

3012

3022

3032

3042

3052

3062

3072

3082

3092

3102

3112

3122

3132

3142

3152

3162

3172

3182

3192

3202

3212

3222

3232

3242

3252

3262

3272

3282

3292

3302

3312

3322

3332

3342

3352

3362

3372

3382

3392

3402

3412

3422

3432

3442

3452

3462

3472

3482

3492

3502

3512

3522

3532

3542

3552

3562

3572

3582

3592

3602

3612

3622

3632

3642

3652

3662

3672

3682

3692

3702

3712

3722

3732

3742

3752

3762

3772

3782

3792

3802

3812

3822

3832

3842

3852

3862

3872

3882

3892

3902

3912

3922

3932

3942

3952

3962

3972

3982

3992

4002

4012

4022

4032

4042

4052

4062

4072

4082

4092

4102

4112

4122

4132

4142

4152

4162

4172

4182

4192

4202

4212

4222

4232

4242

4252

4262

4272

4282

4292

4302

4312

4322

4332

4342

4352

4362

4372

4382

4392

4402

4412

4422

4432

4442

4452

4462

4472

4482

4492

4502

4512

4522

4532

4542

4552

4562

4572

4582

4592

4602

4612

4622

4632

4642

4652

4662

4672

4682

4692

4702

4712

4722

4732

4742

4752

4762

4772

4782

4792

4802

4812

4822

4832

4842

4852

4862

4872

4882

4892

4902

4912

4922

4932

4942

4952

4962

4972

ADD/DROP NODE WITH AMPLIFICATION

2660

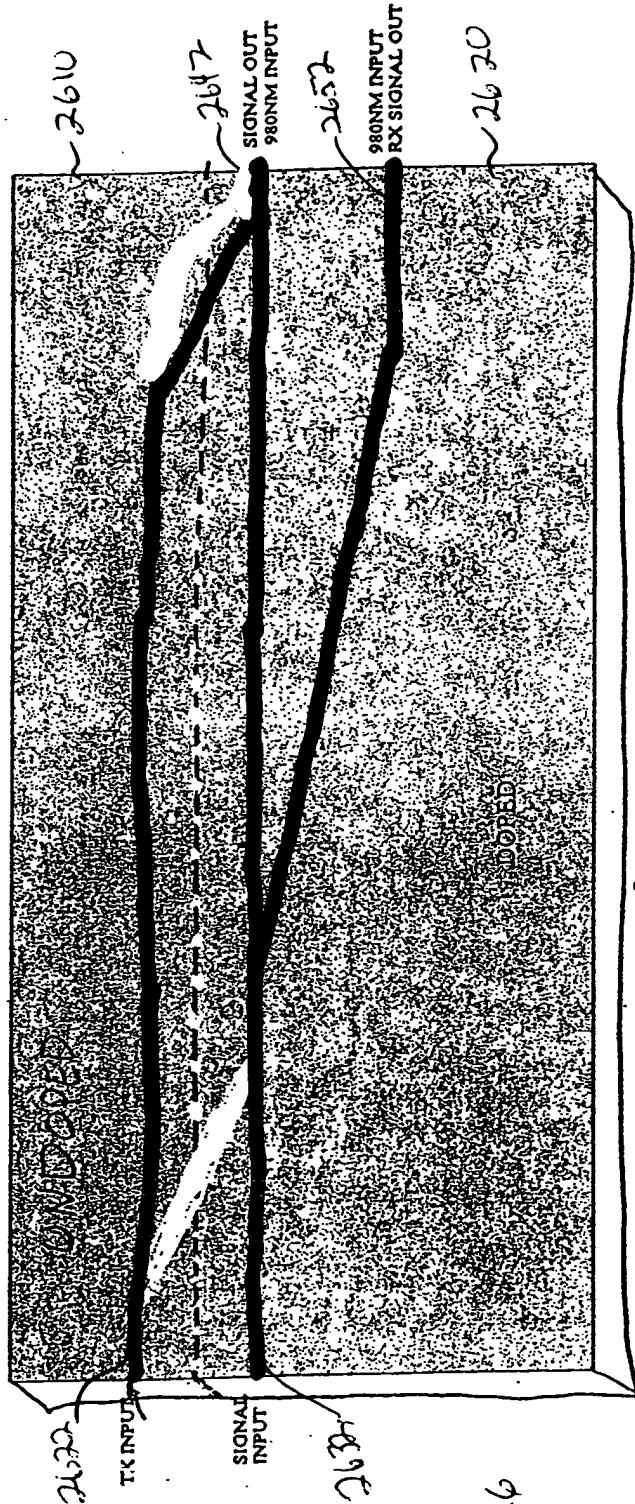


FIG. 26

USES BOTH THE ATTENUATION AND AMPLIFICATION CHARACTERISTICS OF RARE-EARTH-DOPED GLASS TO ROUTE THE SIGNAL.

ADD/DROP NODE WITH AMPLIFICATION

2720 2710

2722
2721
Signal TX INPUT
+ Pump 980

2731
SIGNAL INPUT

2732

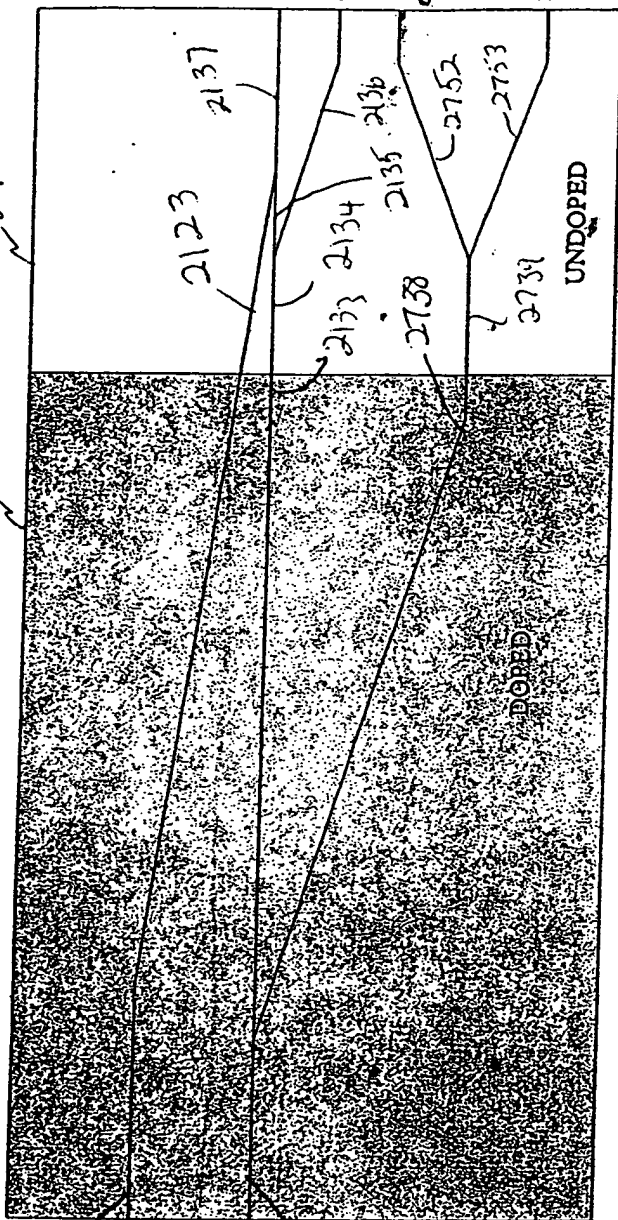
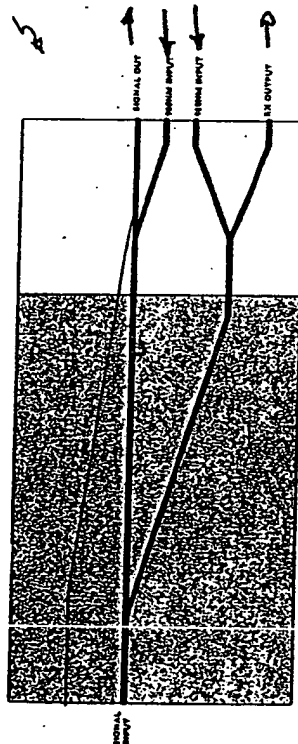


FIG. 27

USES BOTH THE ATTENUATION AND AMPLIFICATION CHARACTERISTICS OF RARE-EARTH-DOPED GLASS TO ROUTE THE SIGNAL.

FIG. 28

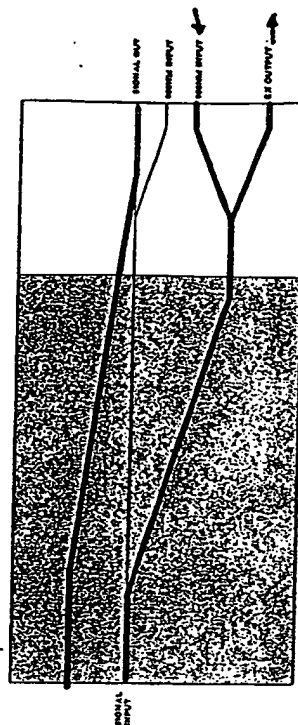
2700



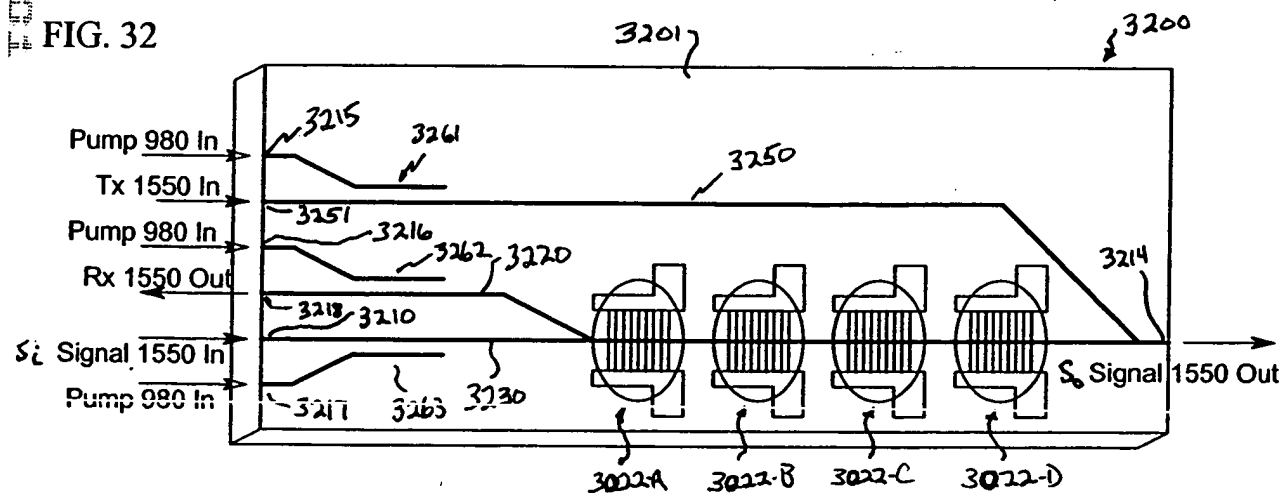
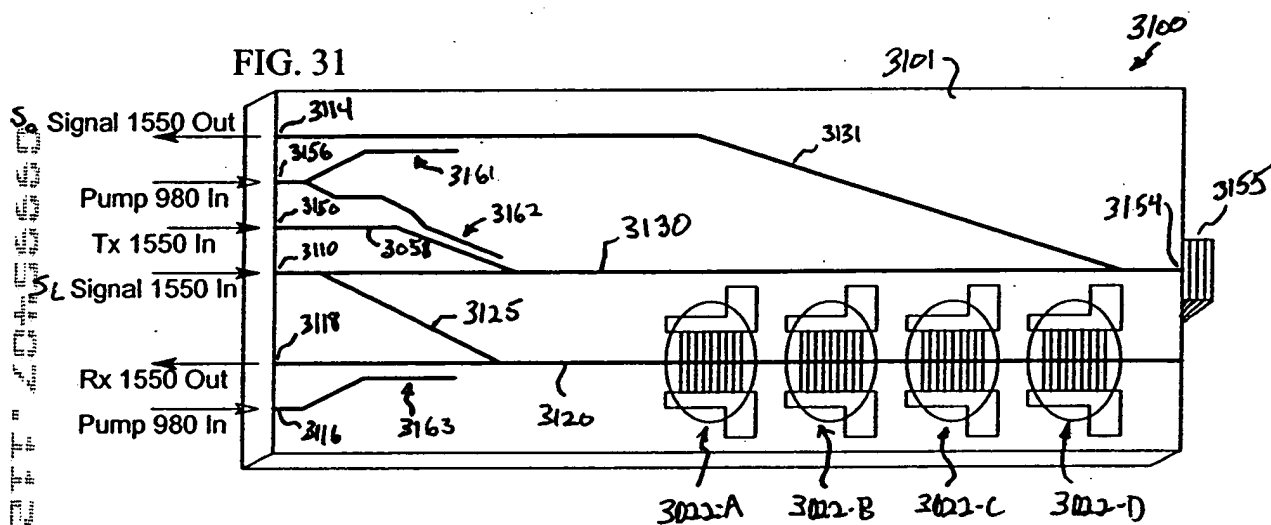
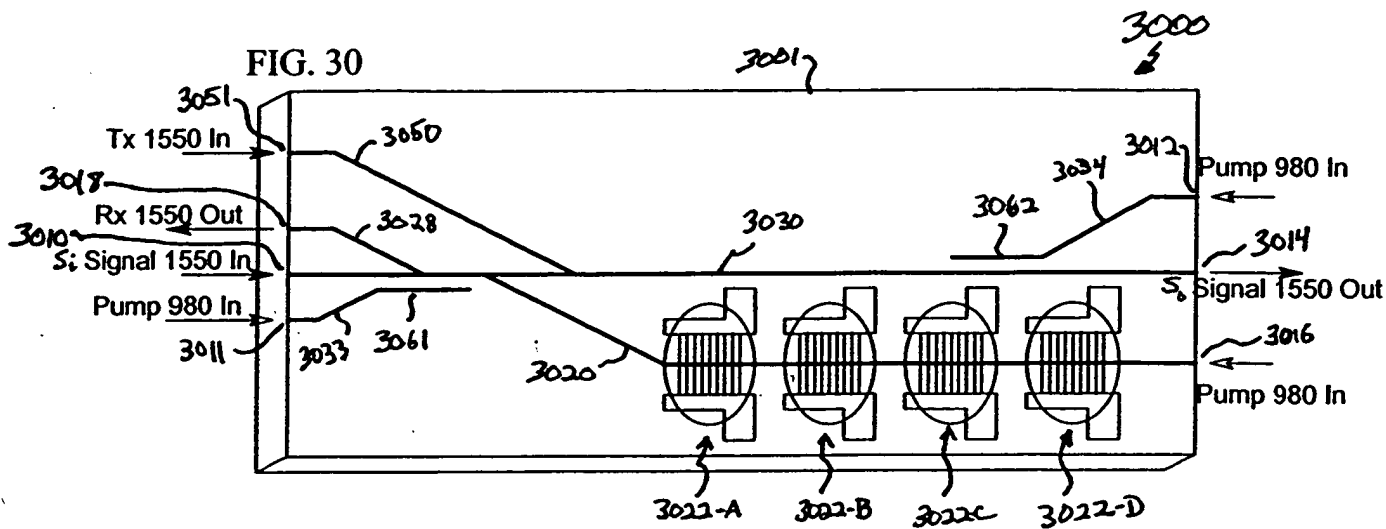
AMPLIFIED PASS-THROUGH CONFIGURATION

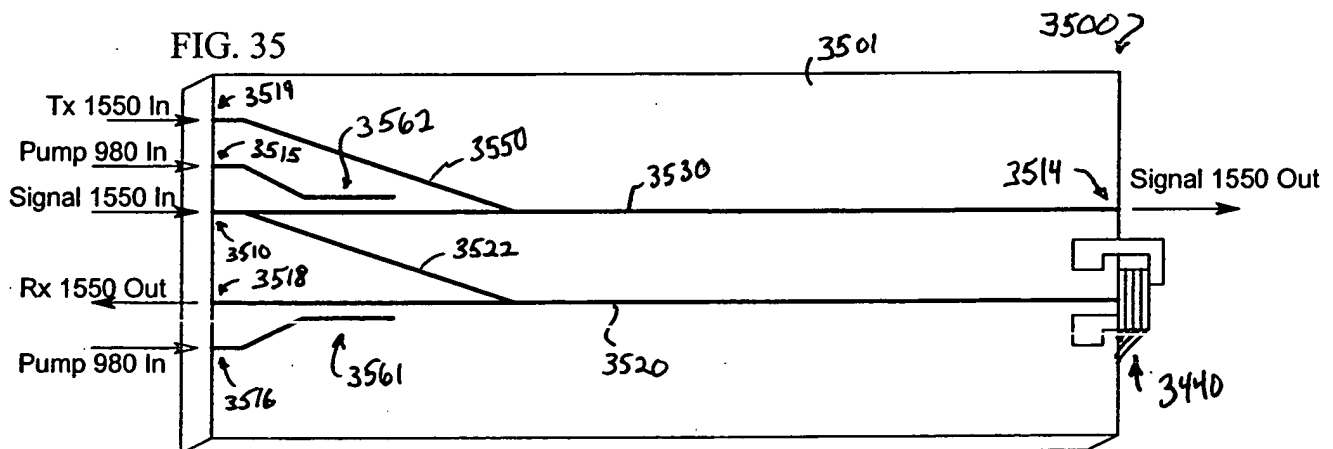
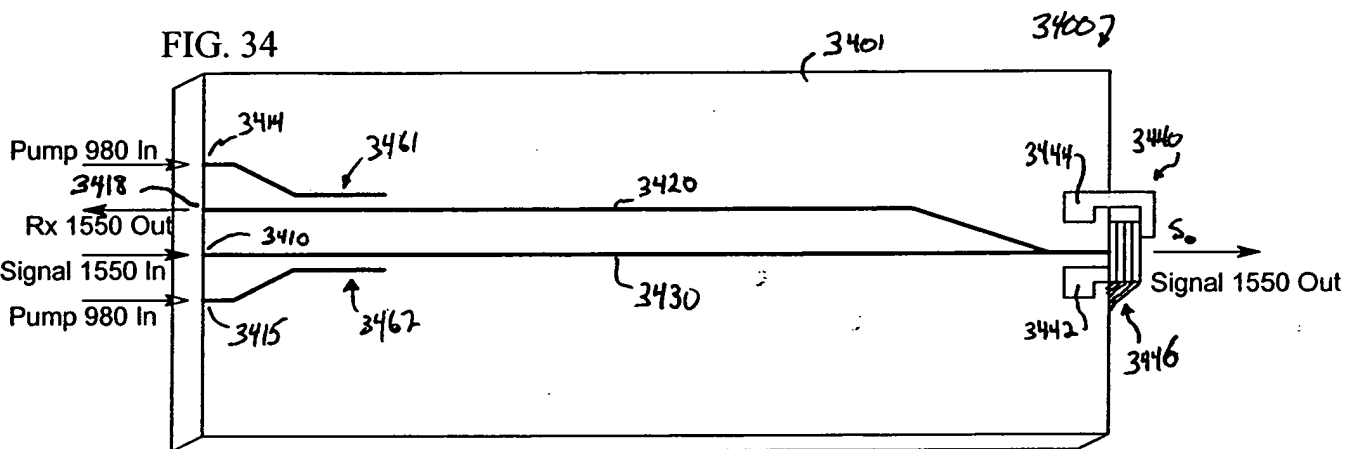
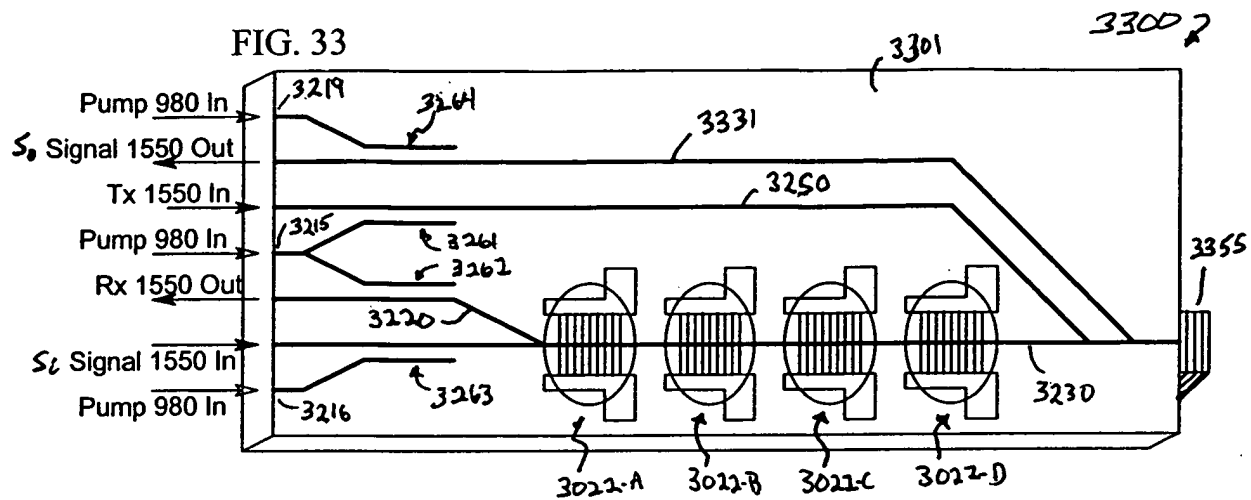
FIG. 29

2700



ATTENUATED PASS-THROUGH AND NEW SIGNAL INJECTED





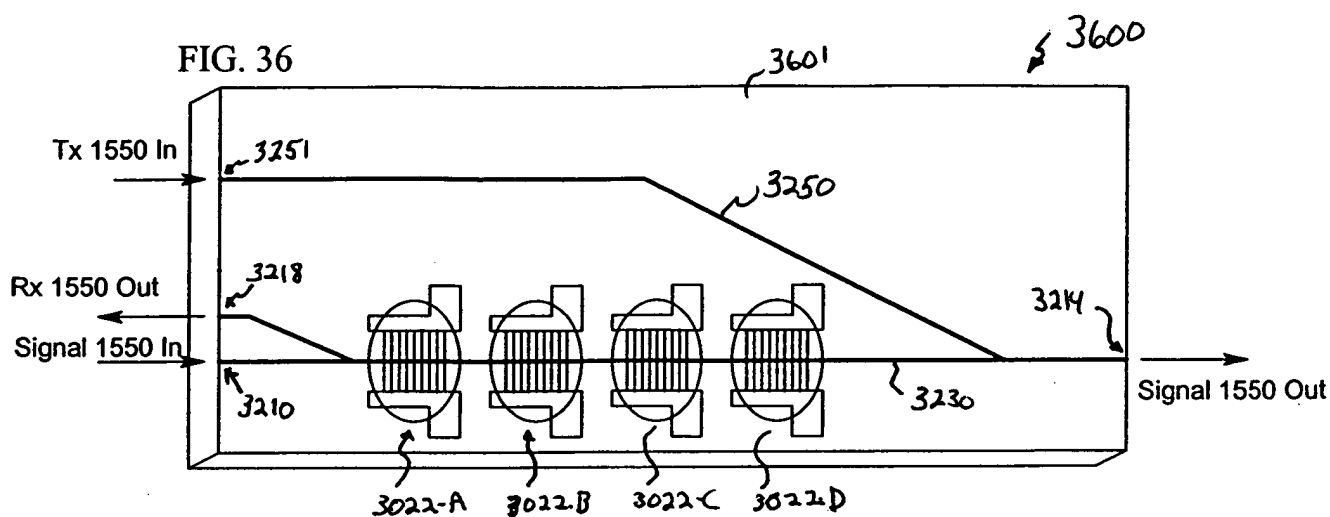


FIG. 37

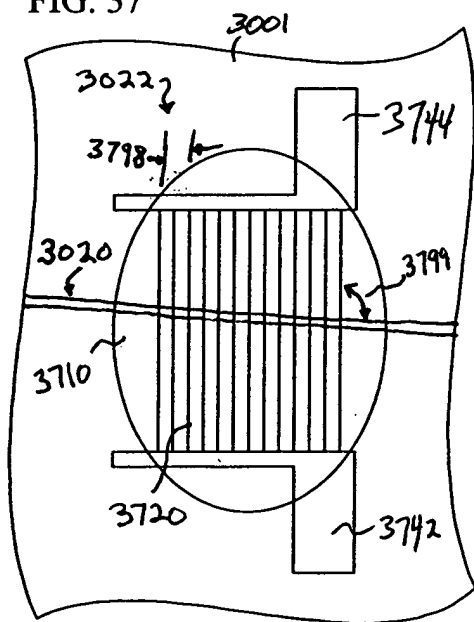


FIG. 38

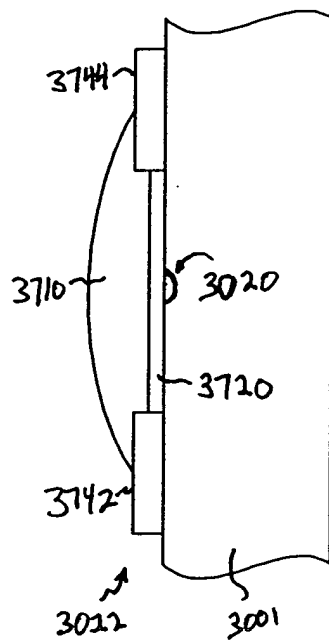


FIG. 39

